

# The Reality of Quantifying Curtain Wall Spandrel Thermal Performance: 2D, 3D and Hotbox Testing



BEST 4

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# Learning Objectives

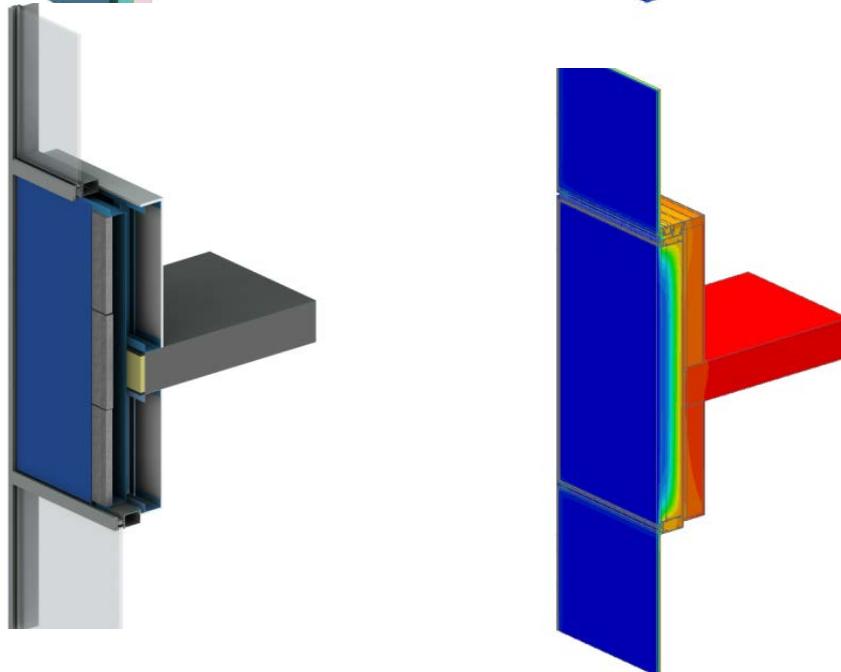
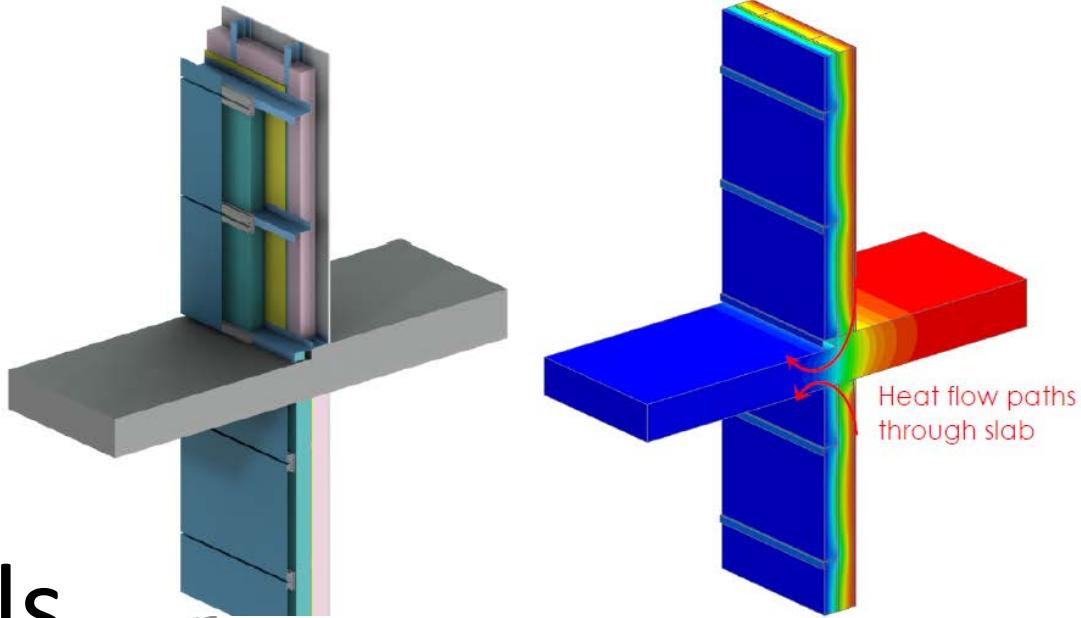
Participants will :

1. Learn about increasing the thermal performance of curtainwall systems
2. Learn about the performance of vacuum insulation panels incorporated into spandrels
3. See Therm 6.3 used in optimized fashion to better match testing
4. Learn about ASTM C1363 Guarded Hot Box Testing.
5. Be exposed to thermal modeling in 3D

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Exterior Insulation advantages ASHRAE 1365 RP
- AIM in Curtainwall
- Hot Box Testing ASTM C1363
- 2D Modeling with Therm 6.3
- 3D Modeling
- Learnings and interpretations
- Summary and Conclusions

Curtainwalls  
do not  
expose slabs





# VIP Enabled Spandrels Provide Superior Performance for Curtain Walls: Fact or Fiction



- Highest aesthetical and functional requirements
- Slim façade with high vision share requires lowest U-values for spandrels
- Spandrels with embedded VIP addresses need for easy installation and multiple design options

VIP integrated façade modules will enable high vision share while complying to thermal performance requirements

# Typical Curtainwall



# Just Add more insulation.....

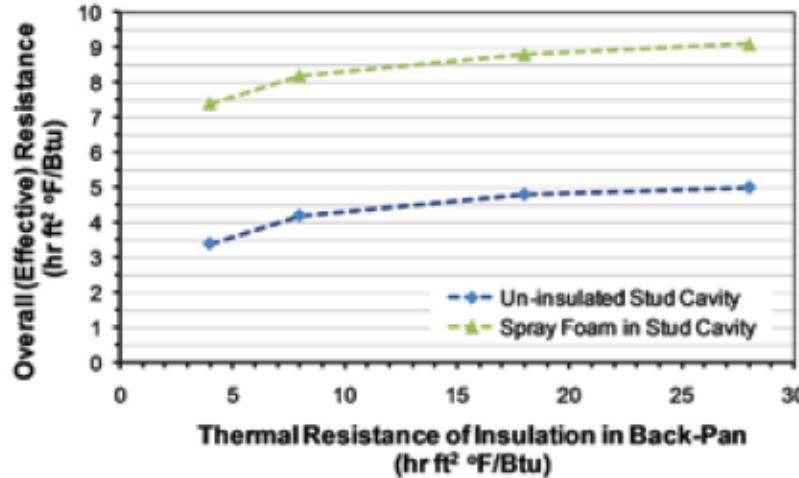


Figure 1: Diminishing Rate of Return of Spandrel Section Overall Thermal Reaction.

ASHRAE Research Project 1365  
“Thermal Performance of Building Envelope Details for Mid- and High-rise Buildings”

**Table 1:** Overall Thermal Transmittance of Curtain Wall Spandrel Section [Btu/hr ft<sup>2</sup> °F (W/m<sup>2</sup> K)]

	Back-Pan Insulation R-Value (RSI)			
	R-4	R-8	R-18	R-28
Un-insulated	0.29	0.24	0.21	0.20
Stud Cavity	(1.66)	(1.35)	(1.19)	(1.14)
Spray Foam in Stud Cavity	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.11
	(0.77)	(0.69)	(0.64)	(0.63)

# Product Concept: High Performance Insulation through Vacuum Insulation Panel inserts

Aluminized multilayer barrier to contain vacuum and provide environmental protection



Core bag

Pressed fumed silica core

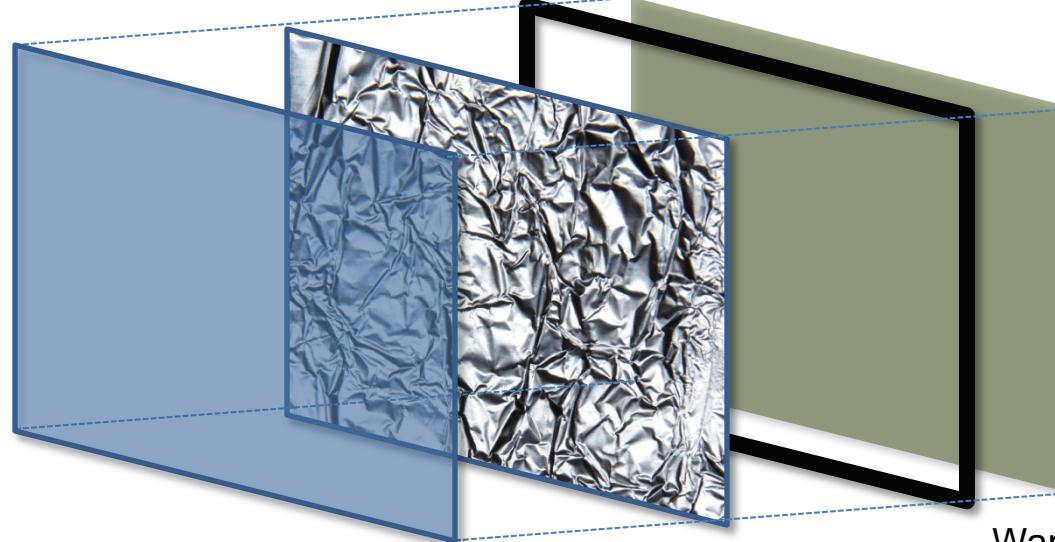
Comparative thickness for U value of ~ 0.3 W/m<sup>2</sup>K  
R ~19 hr-F-ft<sup>2</sup>/BTU



# Architectural Insulation Module

Flexible design to fit building uniqueness

Customized architectural unit: *performance*,  
*dimensions* and *finish*



Warm edge spacer (commercial)

## Architectural Finish (options)

- Glass (opaque)
- Aluminum
- Steel...

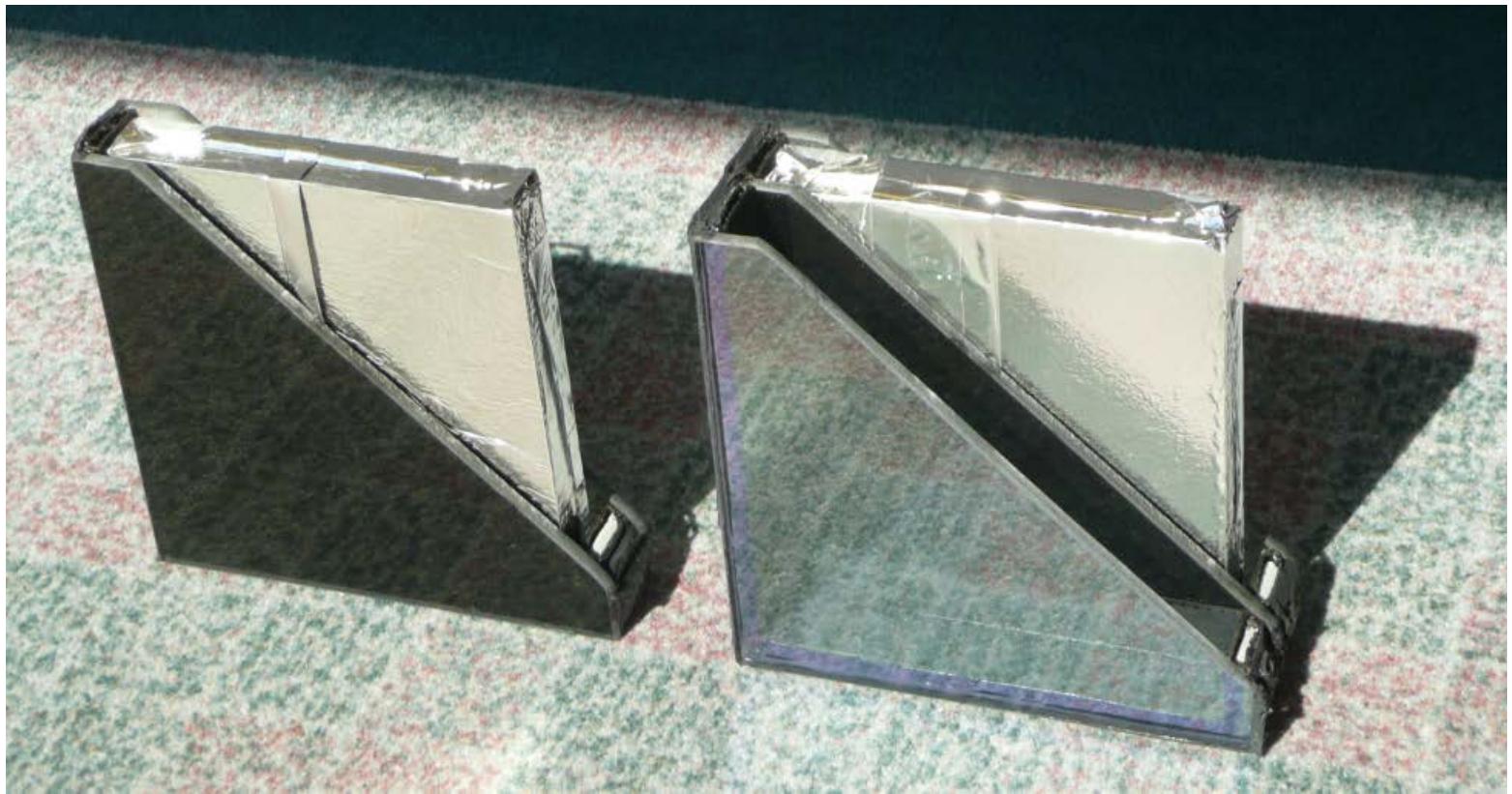
## High Performance Insulation

- VIP

## Back panel (options)

- Glass (opaque)
- Aluminum
- Steel

# Vacuum panels within the IG units

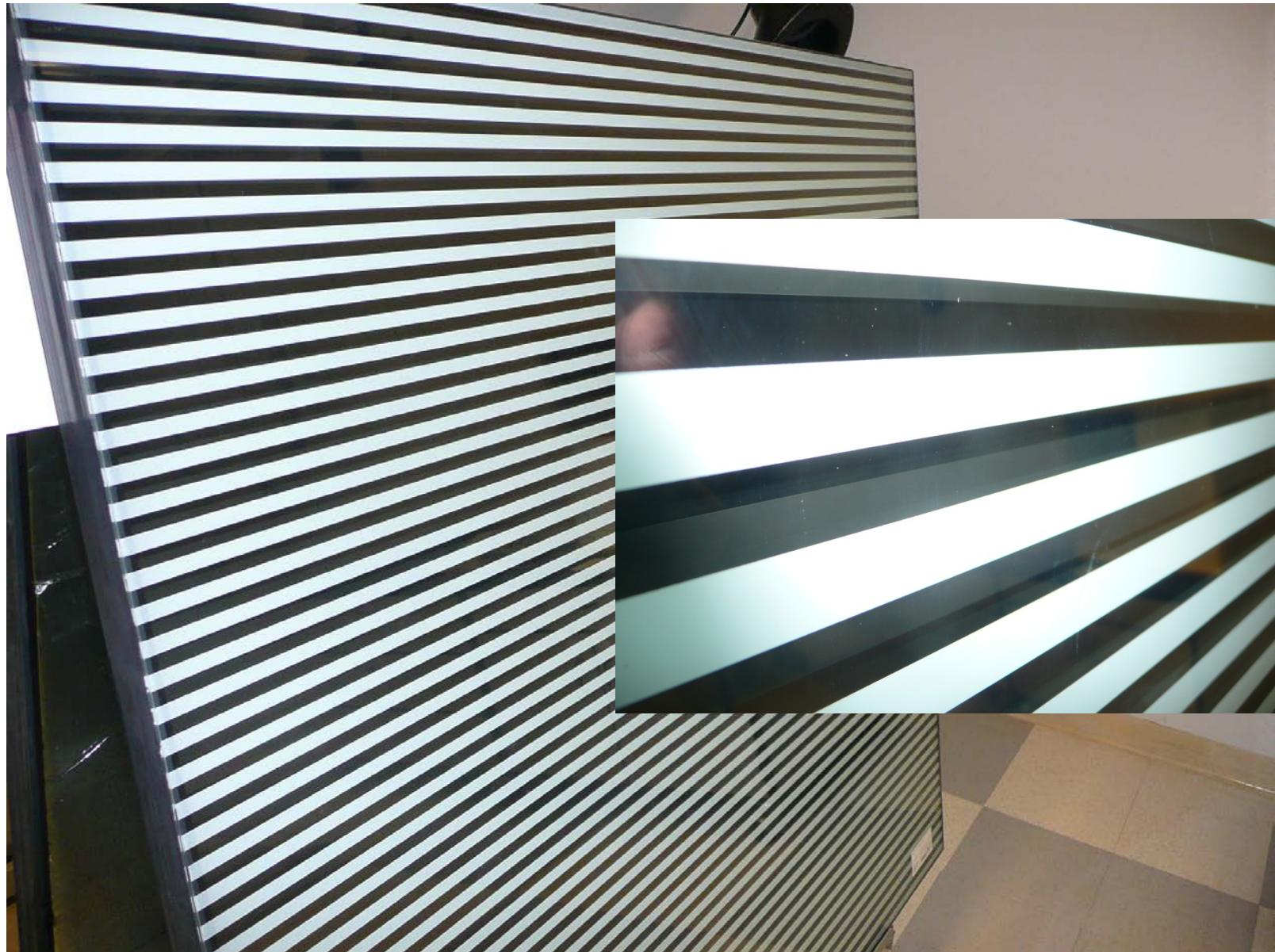


# AIM Module in Shipping Crate

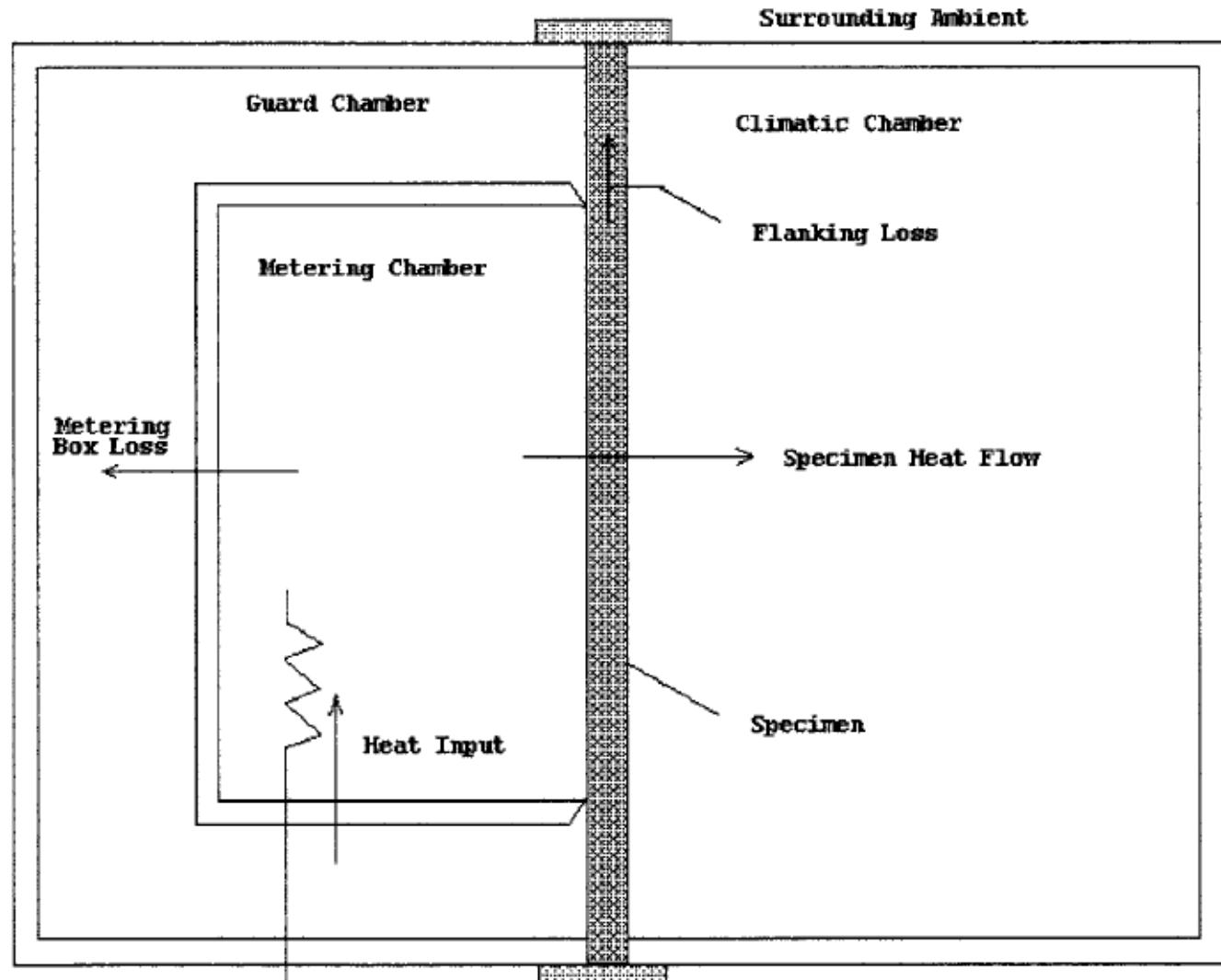




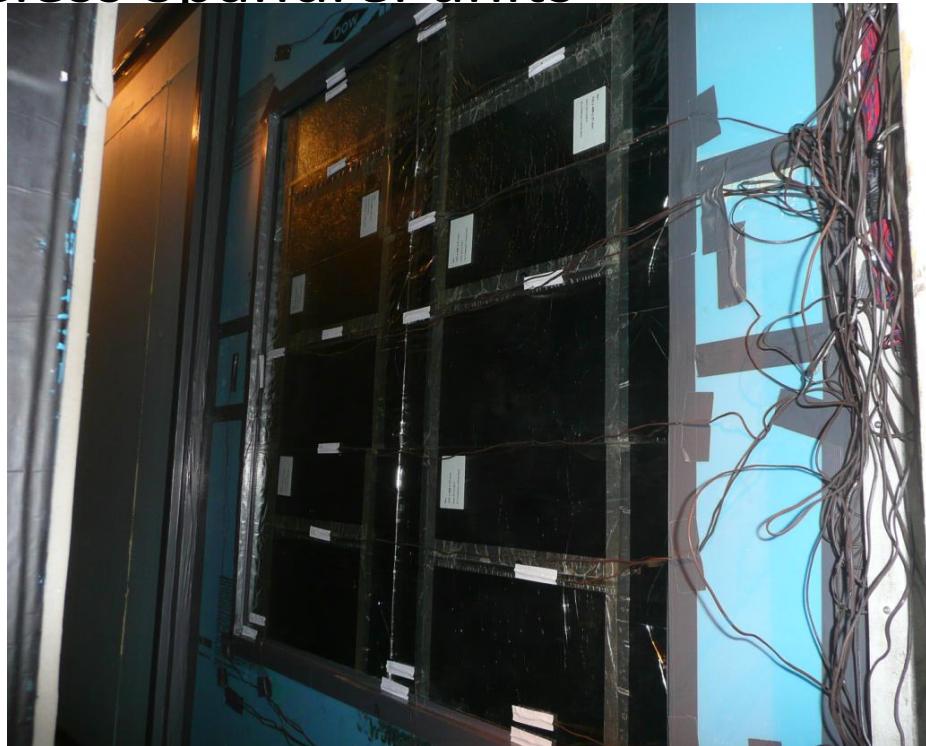
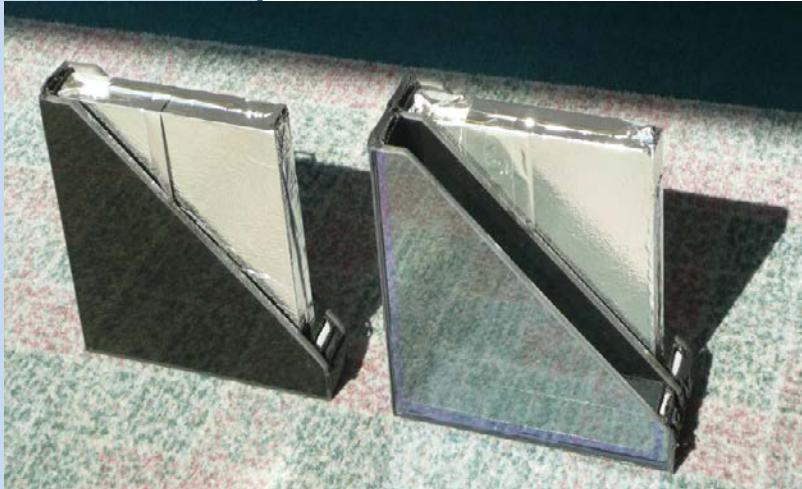
# Shadow AIM Module



# ASTM C1363 Guarded Hot Box

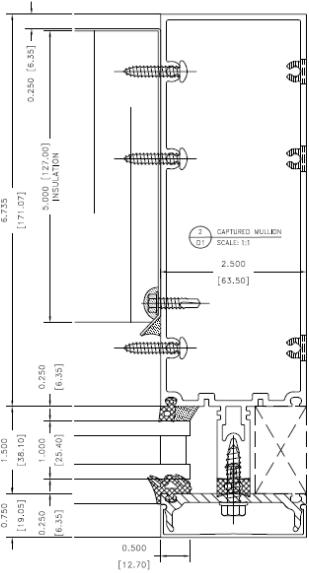
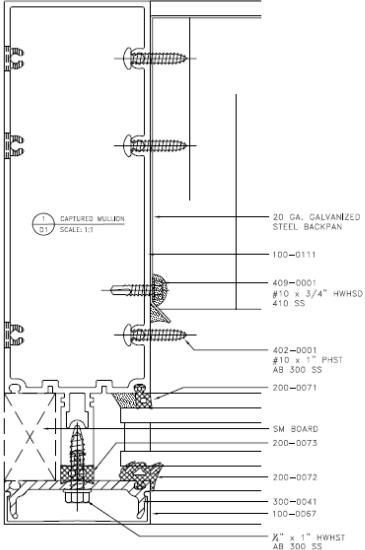


# Test Results of Full 5' x 5' (1520mm x 1520mm) Frameless Spandrel units

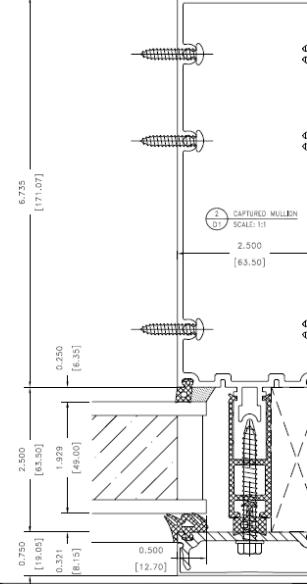
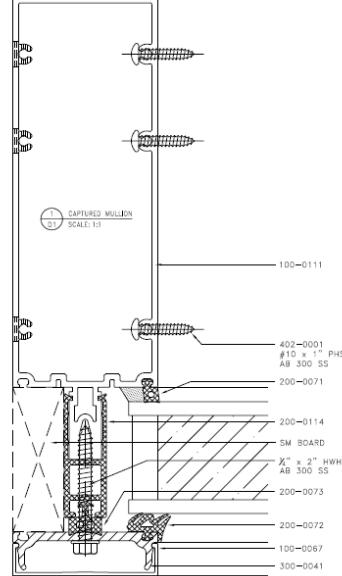


Assembly	U value BTU/(h °F ft <sup>2</sup> )	R Value (h °F ft <sup>2</sup> ) /BTU	Assembly	U value W/m2K	R Value m2K/W
<b>1"</b> Double IG	0.33	3.06	<b>25mm Double IG</b>	1.87	0.53
<b>1 ¾"</b> Triple IG	0.18	5.48	<b>44mm Triple IG</b>	1.02	0.98
<b>2"</b> Triple Glaze AIM	<b>0.09</b>	<b>11.76</b>	50mm Triple Glaze AIM	<b>0.51</b>	<b>1.96</b>
2" Double Glaze AIM	<b>0.05</b>	<b>19.05</b>	50mm Double Glaze AIM	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3.33</b>

# Details for 5' x 5' system



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## 5 Systems built and tested

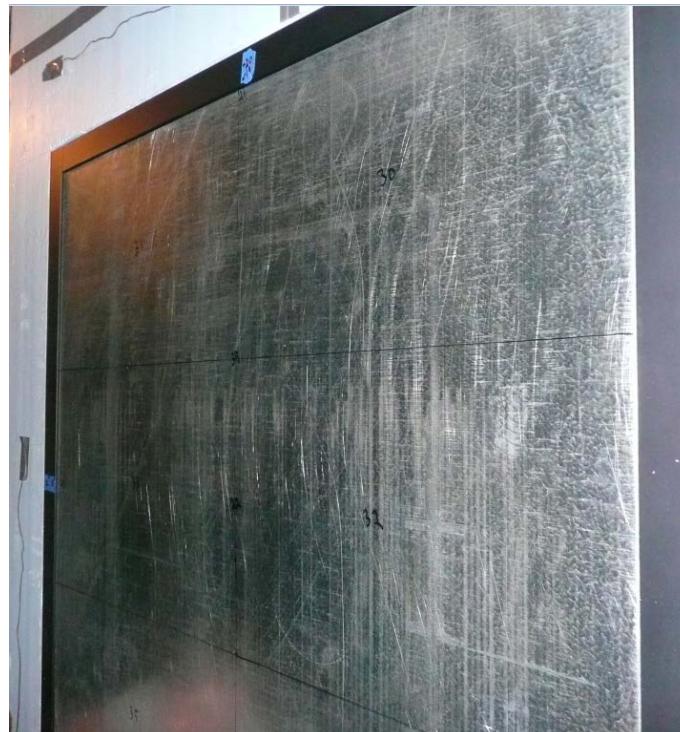
1. Air IGU over MW and Backpan
2. AR IGU over MW and Backpan
3. Shadow AIM over MW and Backpan
4. AIM over MW and Backpan
5. AIM only

# Building of the Frames

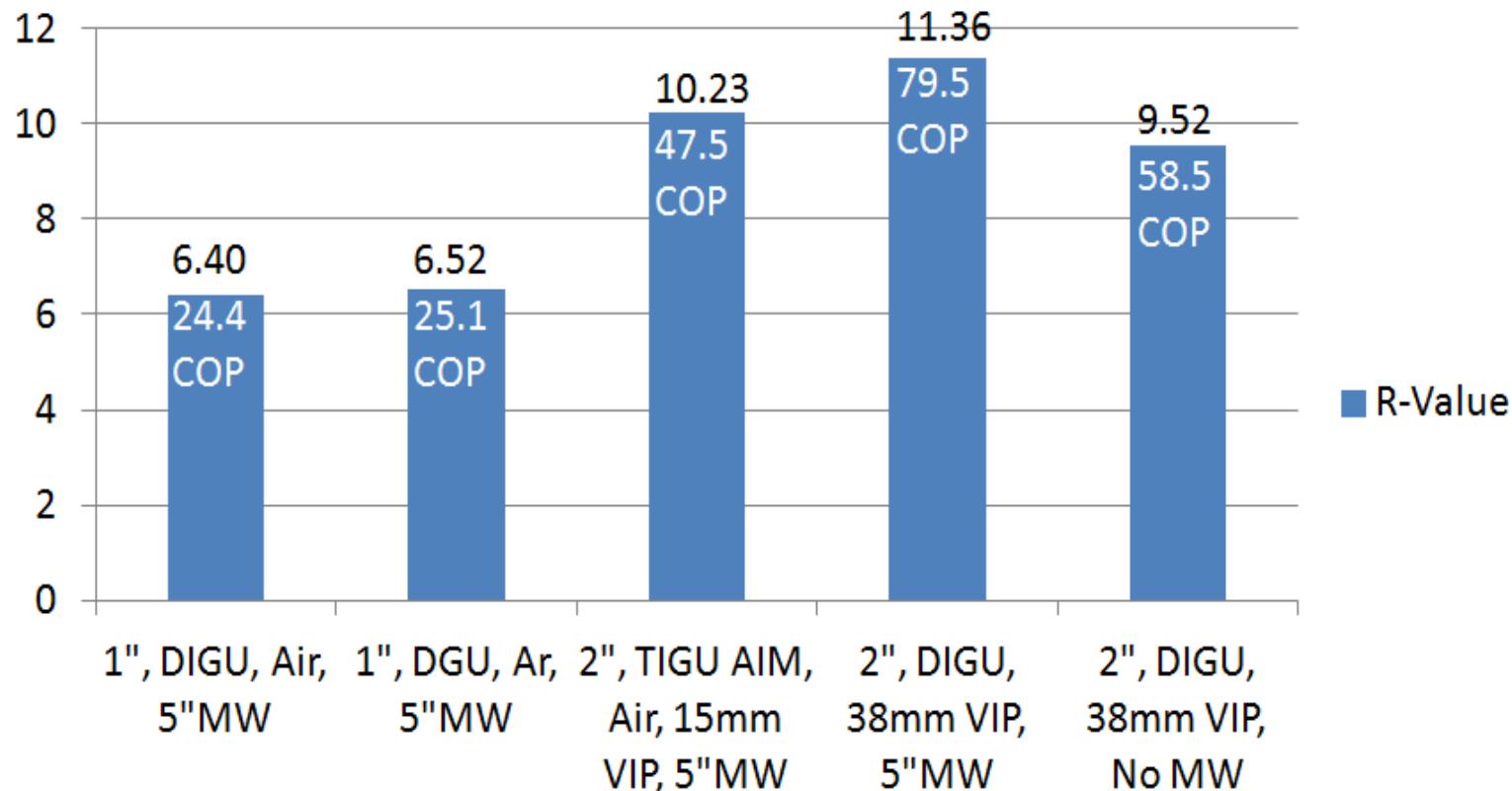


# Test Results

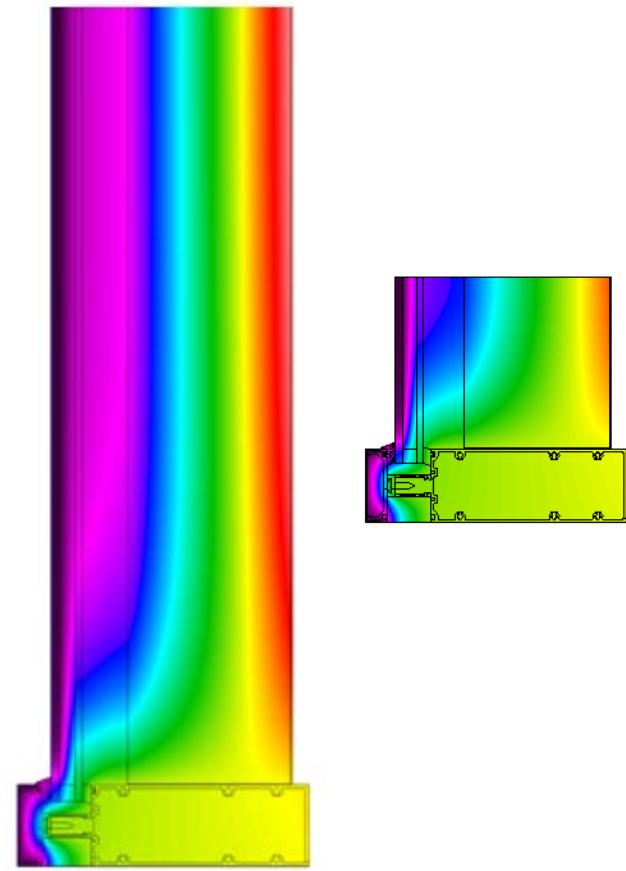
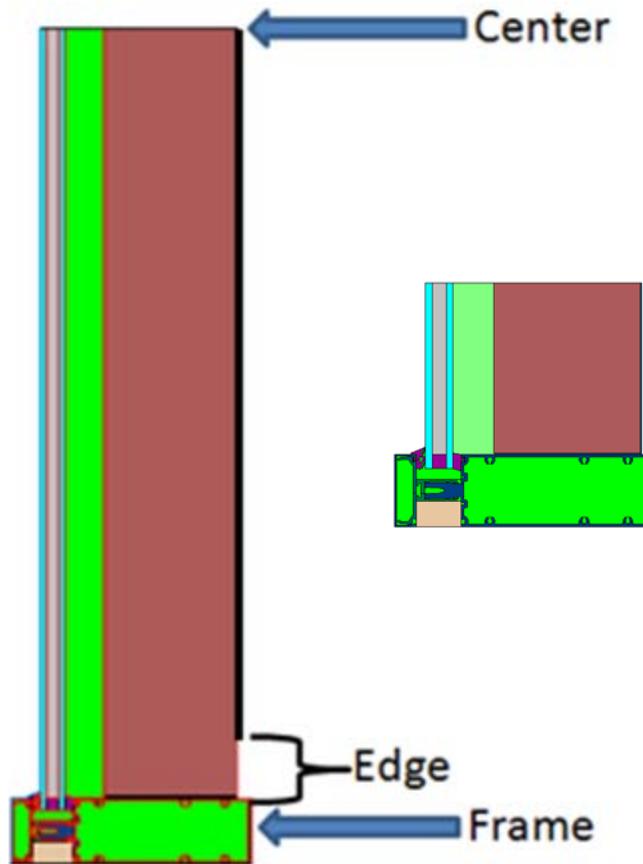
Spandrel Assembly	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hrft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hrft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)
<b>IGU Air</b>	USI-0.89 ( <b>U-0.156</b> )	RSI-1.13 ( <b>R-6.40</b> )
<b>IGU Argon</b>	USI-0.87 ( <b>U-0.153</b> )	RSI-1.15 ( <b>R-6.52</b> )
<b>Shadow AIM</b>	USI-0.56 ( <b>U-0.097</b> )	RSI-1.80 ( <b>R-10.23</b> )
<b>AIM</b>	USI-0.50 ( <b>U-0.088</b> )	RSI-2.00 ( <b>R-11.36</b> )
<b>AIM w/out Backpan Insulation</b>	USI-0.60 ( <b>U-0.105</b> )	RSI-1.68 ( <b>R-9.52</b> )



Spandrel Assembly	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hrft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hrft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)
IGU Air	USI-0.89 ( <b>U-0.156</b> )	RSI-1.13 ( <b>R-6.40</b> )
IGU Argon	USI-0.87 ( <b>U-0.153</b> )	RSI-1.15 ( <b>R-6.52</b> )
Shadow AIM	USI-0.56 ( <b>U-0.097</b> )	RSI-1.80 ( <b>R-10.23</b> )
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AIM w/out Backpan Insulation	USI-0.60 ( <b>U-0.105</b> )	RSI-1.68 ( <b>R-9.52</b> )



# Therm trials



# Therm Model Comparisons

Spandrel Assembly	162mm (6.4") Model		748mm (29.4") Model	
	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hrft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hrft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hrft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hrft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)
IGU Air	USI-0.65 <b>(U-0.114)</b>	RSI-1.54 <b>(R-8.74)</b>	USI-0.69 <b>(U-0.122)</b>	RSI-1.44 <b>(R-8.20)</b>
IGU Argon	USI-0.63 <b>(U-0.111)</b>	RSI-1.58 <b>(R-8.98)</b>	USI-0.68 <b>(U-0.12)</b>	RSI-1.47 <b>(R-8.34)</b>
Shadow AIM	USI-0.43 <b>(U-0.076)</b>	RSI-2.30 <b>(R-13.08)</b>	USI-0.46 <b>(U-0.082)</b>	RSI-2.16 <b>(R-12.27)</b>
AIM	USI-0.34 <b>(U-0.059)</b>	RSI-2.99 <b>(R-16.96)</b>	USI-0.38 <b>(U-0.067)</b>	RSI-2.64 <b>(R-14.96)</b>
AIM w/out Backpan Insulation	USI-0.47 <b>(U-0.082)</b>	RSI-2.14 <b>(R-12.14)</b>	USI-0.52 <b>(U-0.091)</b>	RSI-1.93 <b>(R-10.94)</b>

# Therm NFRC 100 compared to Hot Box

		AIM in Frame	AIM in Frame plus MW	Shadow AIM in Frame plus MW	Air IGU in Frame plus MW	AR IGU in Frame plus MW
<b>Modeled values</b>	Total U W/m2K	0.468	0.335	0.434	0.649	0.633
	Total U Btu/hr ft2 F	0.082	0.059	0.076	0.114	0.111
	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	12.137	16.964	13.081	8.744	8.976
<hr/>						
<b>Tested Value</b>	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	9.160	11.360	10.230	6.440	6.580
	Delta R	-2.977	-5.604	-2.851	-2.304	-2.396
	Delta R %	-24.53	-33.03	-21.79	-26.35	-26.70

# Therm NFRC 100 Adjusted compared to Hot Box

		AIM in Frame	AIM in Frame plus MW	Shadow AIM in Frame plus MW	Air IGU in Frame plus MW	AR IGU in Frame plus MW
<b>Modeled values</b>	Total U W/m2K	0.519	0.379	0.463	0.692	0.681
	Total U Btu/hr ft2 F	0.091	0.067	0.082	0.122	0.120
	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	10.944	14.964	12.268	8.199	8.336
<hr/>						
<b>Tested Values</b>	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	9.160	11.360	10.230	6.440	6.580
	Delta R	-1.784	-3.604	-2.038	-1.759	-1.756
	Delta R %	-16.30	-24.09	-16.61	-21.46	-21.07

# Adding the bolts 6" OC to the Higher insulation frames

		AIM in Frame plus MW	Shadow AIM in Frame plus MW
<b>Modeled values</b>	Total U W/m2K	<b>0.421</b>	<b>0.502</b>
	Total U Btu/hr ft2 F	<b>0.074</b>	<b>0.088</b>
	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	<b>13.479</b>	<b>11.320</b>
<b>Tested Values</b>	Total R hr ft2 F/Btu	<b>11.360</b>	<b>10.230</b>
	Delta R	<b>-2.119</b>	<b>-1.090</b>
	Delta R %	<b>-15.72</b>	<b>-9.63</b>



# NFRC 100 Uncertainty

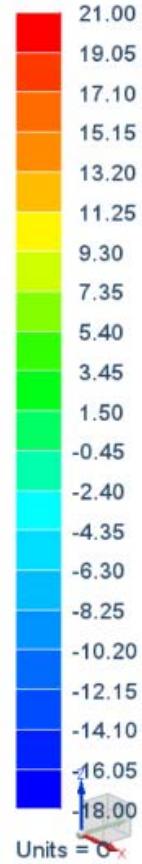
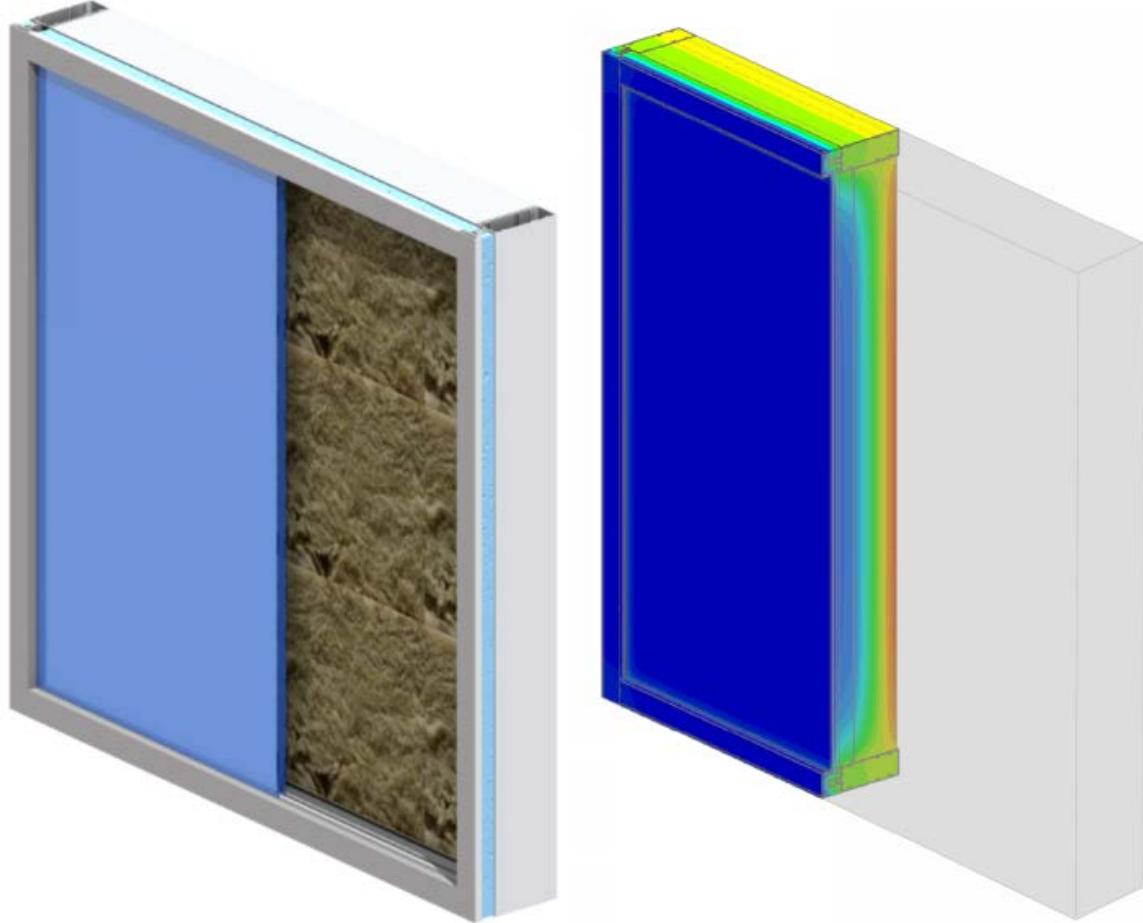
- For 2D simulations of assemblies with U-values less than 1.7 W/m<sup>2</sup>K (0.30 Btu/h·ft<sup>2</sup>·°F) NFRC 100 section 4.7.1 defines accepted equivalence for fenestration as within 0.17 W/m<sup>2</sup>K (0.030 Btu/h·ft<sup>2</sup>·°F) between testing and simulation values.

**Equivalence Table**

Simulated U-Factor	Accepted Difference Between Tested and Simulated U-Factor
1.7 W/m <sup>2</sup> K (0.3 Btu/h·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F) or less	0.17 W/m <sup>2</sup> K (0.03 Btu/h·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F) or less
Greater than 1.7 W/m <sup>2</sup> K (0.3 Btu/h·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F)	10% of Simulated U-Factor

- All Therm models are Equivalent!
- This is not right.

# 3D models



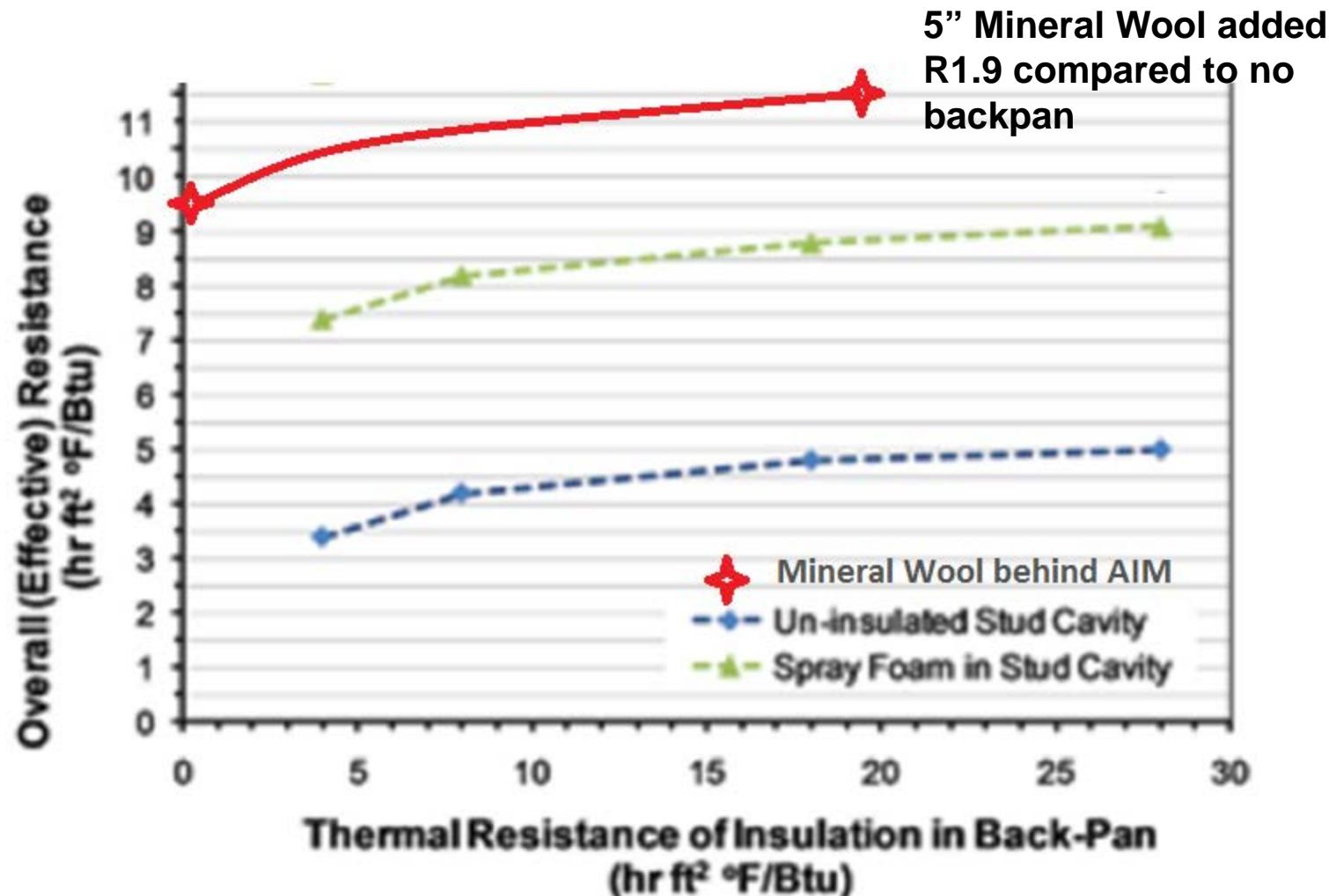
# 3D Model Results

Spandrel Assembly	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hr ft <sup>2</sup> F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hr ft <sup>2</sup> F/BTU)
IGU Air	USI-0.90 ( <b>U-0.158</b> )	RSI-1.13 ( <b>R-6.40</b> )
IGU Argon	USI-0.87 ( <b>U-0.153</b> )	RSI-1.15 ( <b>R-6.54</b> )
Shadow AIM	USI-0.57 ( <b>U-0.101</b> )	RSI-1.75 ( <b>R-9.94</b> )
AIM	USI-0.51 ( <b>U-0.089</b> )	RSI-1.97 ( <b>R-11.20</b> )
AIM w/out Backpan Insulation	USI-0.59 ( <b>U-0.103</b> )	RSI-1.70 ( <b>R-9.68</b> )

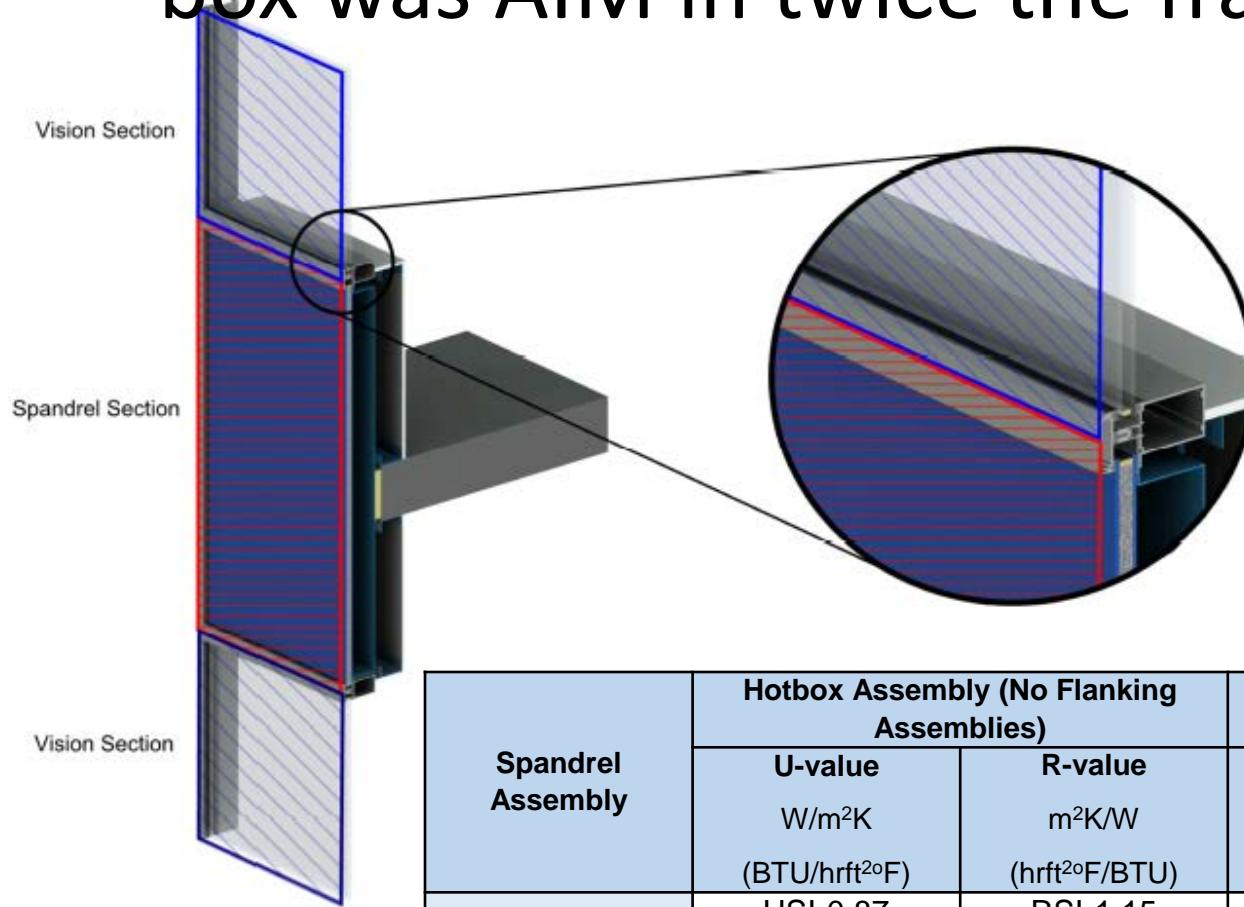
## U values (W/m<sup>2</sup>K) for Northern Facades 6450 UCW System Based on 3D Modeling

		AIM in Frame	AIM in Frame plus MW	Shadow AIM in Frame plus MW	Air IGU in Frame plus MW	AR IGU in Frame plus MW
Modeled values	Total U W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.590	0.510	0.570	0.900	0.870
	Total U Btu/hr ft <sup>2</sup> F	0.103	0.089	0.101	0.158	0.153
	Total R hr ft <sup>2</sup> F/Btu	9.680	11.200	9.940	6.400	6.540
Tested Value	Total R hr ft <sup>2</sup> F/Btu	9.160	11.360	10.230	6.440	6.580
	Delta R	-0.520	0.160	0.290	0.040	0.040
	Delta R %	-5.37	1.43	2.92	0.63	0.61

# Hot Box testing confirmed ASHRAE Research Project 1365

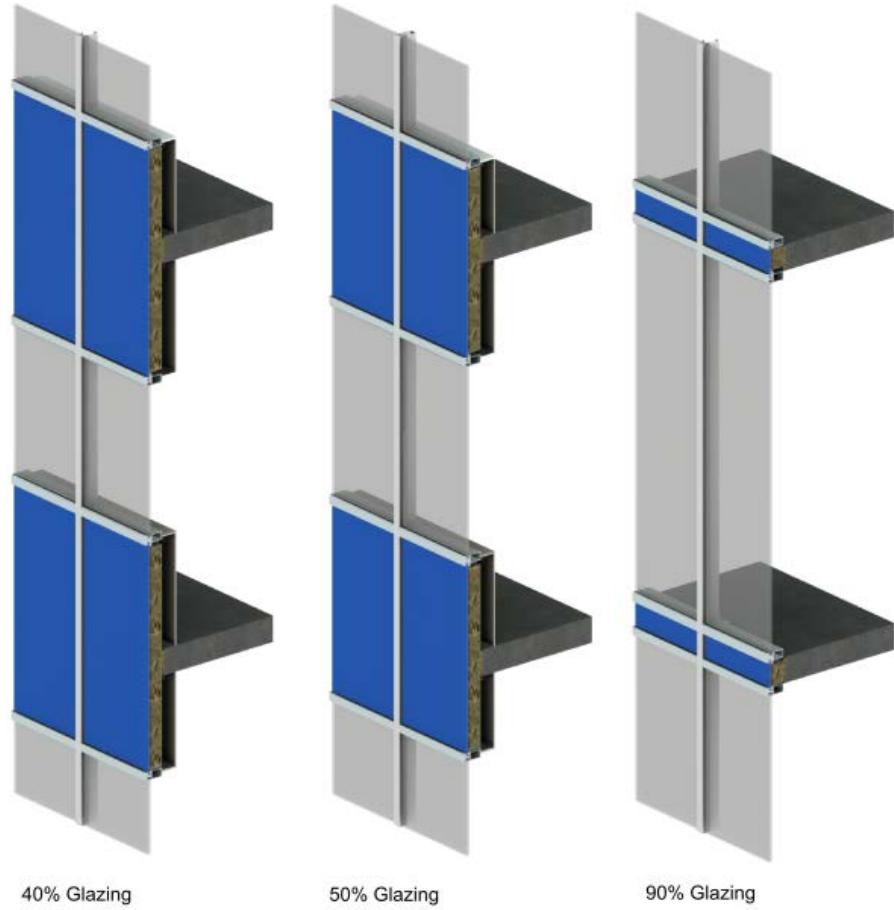
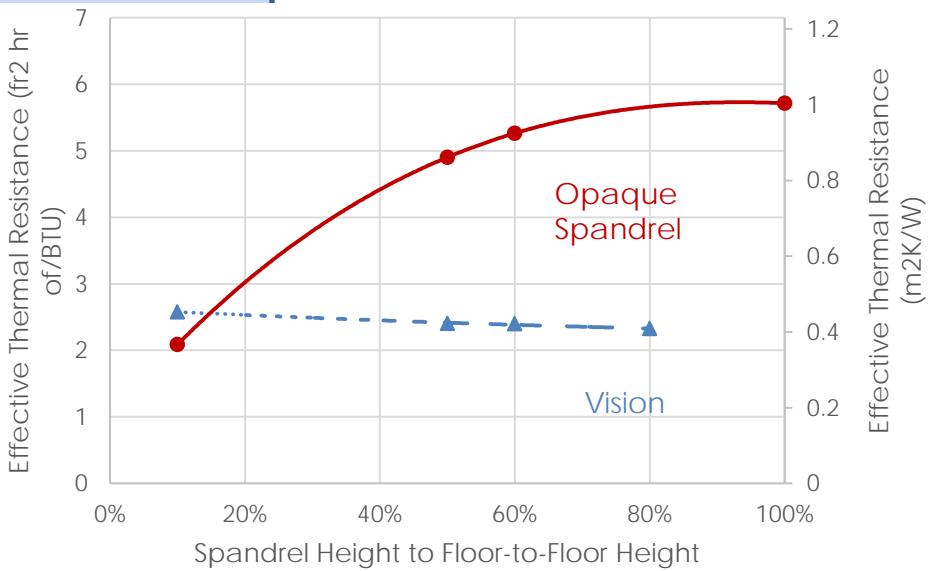


# 3D modeling AIM in the Frame. Hot box was AIM in twice the frame.



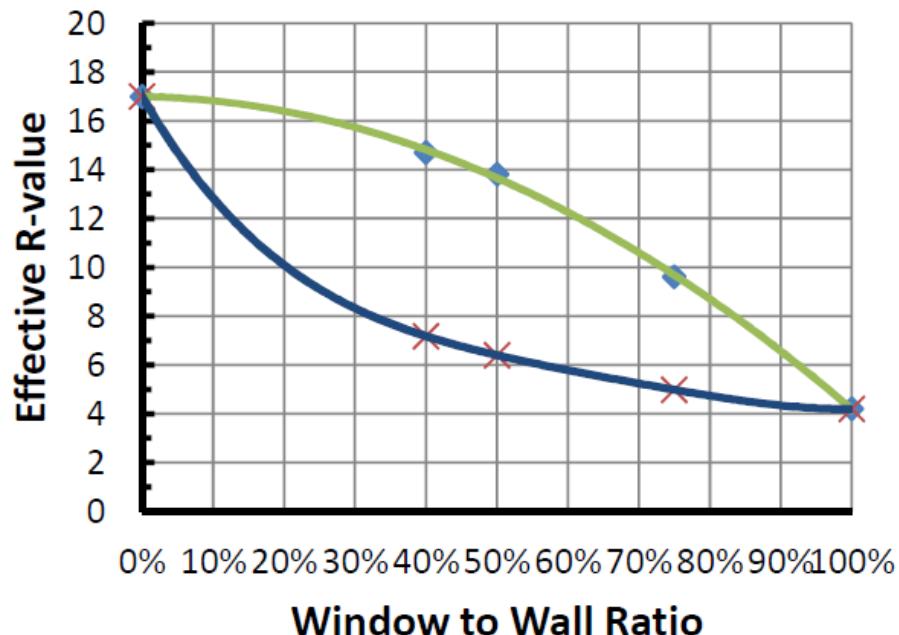
Spandrel Assembly	Hotbox Assembly (No Flanking Assemblies)		Spandrel System with Flanking Assemblies	
	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hr ft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hr ft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)	U-value W/m <sup>2</sup> K (BTU/hr ft <sup>2</sup> °F)	R-value m <sup>2</sup> K/W (hr ft <sup>2</sup> °F/BTU)
IGU Argon	USI-0.87 <b>(U-0.153)</b>	RSI-1.15 <b>(R-6.54)</b>	USI-1.15 <b>(U-0.203)</b>	RSI-0.87 <b>(R-4.92)</b>
AIM	USI-0.51 <b>(U-0.089)</b>	RSI-1.97 <b>(R-11.20)</b>	USI-0.58 <b>(U-0.102)</b>	RSI-1.73 <b>(R-9.84)</b>

# Standard Curtainwall

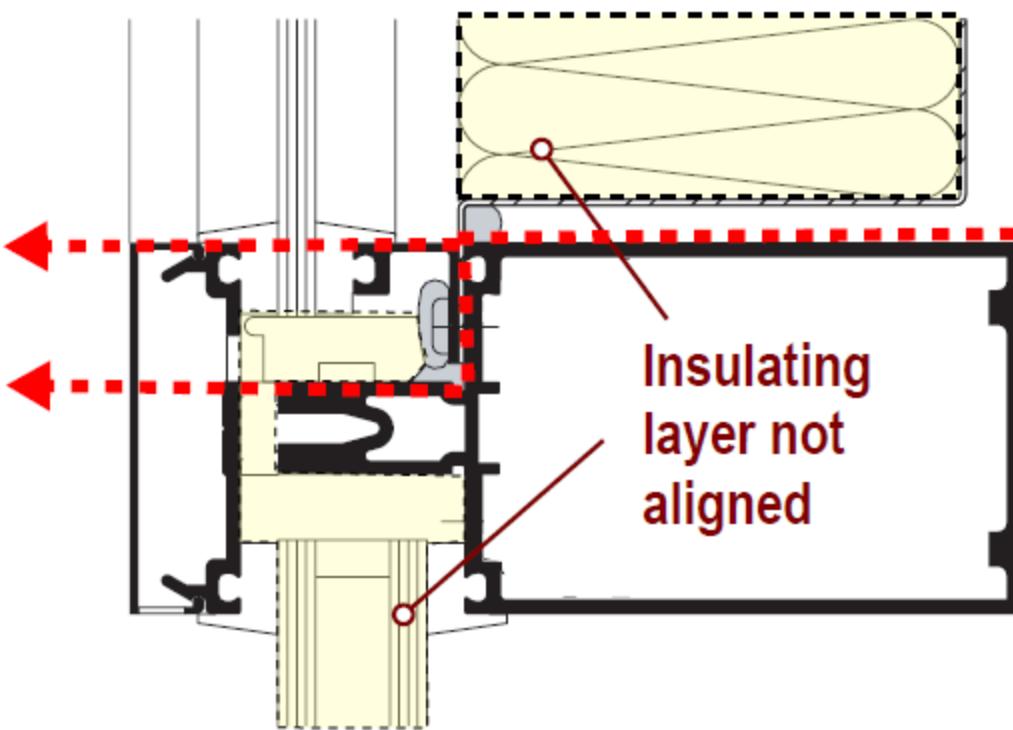


# High Performance Modeling

WWR	Spandrel Height	Spandrel Section U-Value BTU/hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)	Spandrel Section R-Value hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F/BTU (m <sup>2</sup> K/W)	Glazing Section U-Value BTU/hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)	Glazing Section R-Value hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F/BTU (m <sup>2</sup> K/W)	Total Assembly U-Value BTU/hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F (W/m <sup>2</sup> K)	Total Assembly R-Value hr·ft <sup>2</sup> ·°F/BTU (m <sup>2</sup> K/W)
75%	6 ft (1.8 m)	0.104 (0.59)	9.6 (1.70)	0.233 (1.32)	4.3 (0.76)	0.200 (1.14)	5.0 (0.88)
50%	5 ft (1.5 m)	0.072 (0.41)	13.8 (2.43)	0.240 (1.36)	4.2 (0.73)	0.156 (0.89)	6.4 (1.13)
40%	2.5 ft (0.8 m)	0.068 (0.39)	14.7 (2.59)	0.246 (1.40)	4.1 (0.72)	0.139 (0.79)	7.2 (1.27)



# A Boulder in the Stream



Heat flow  
bypassing  
insulation



# Conclusions

- Hot box tests show trends reported in ASHRAE Research Project 1365:
- Variation in thermal results for the analyzed spandrels between the three methods detailed in this paper. Which method recommended to be used will depend on the level of accuracy required.
- 2D modelling of the hotbox spandrel assembly using NFRC-100 can approach within 10-15% of the hot box test values as long as there are some adjustments to the approach. Further alterations, such as changing the edge distance, will likely provide even better agreement.
- The AIM unit assemblies show significant improvement in thermal resistance over the typical spandrel systems. This offers great potential towards creating improved curtain wall systems
- Additional insulation in front of backpan adds limited thermal performance: Keep the insulation in front of the mullions.

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